Asian Theatre History









Noh Play: classical Japanese drama, Reserved performance style *performed for the upper class*

Crash Course Theatre History: Just Say Noh: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> =J1IyUPMXwS0

Characteristics of a Noh Play

- only males on stage
- includes a chorus and an orchestra
- multiple performances during a day
- costumes: large and elaborate
- Setting: nearly bare stage



Noh Performers

Shite: leading actors, main performers



Noh Performers

<u>Tsure</u>: Companion to the Shite



<u>Noh Performers</u> <u>Waki</u>: antagonist of the Shite (villain)



Noh Performers

Hayashi: Noh orchestra

Four instrumentalists, Flute, 3 drums



Noh Performers Jiutai: Noh Chorus

Kanami Kiyotsugu: A founder of the Noh play





Kyogen: short comedy performed between Noh plays

Noh Play: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Modf yW8wDvo



Kabuki:

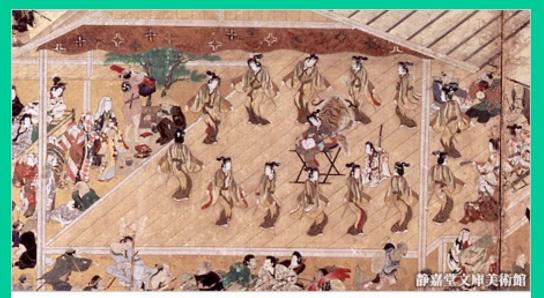
classical Japanese dance-drama, exaggerated performance style

Crash Course Theatre History: Kabuki and Bunraku. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oc3dWwbctw4



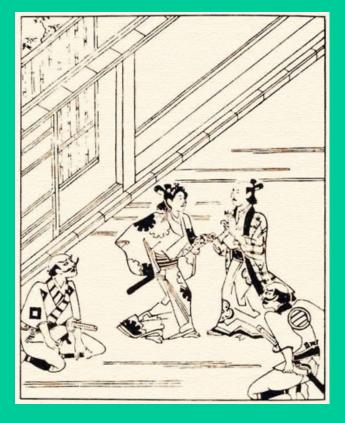
<u>Okuni</u>:, creator of Kabuki

young female dancer



Onna-kabuki with courtesans on stage ("Shijo kawara yuraku zu byobu" Seikado Bunko Art Museum collection)

Onna Kabuki: early form of Kabuki, mainly women on stage



Wakashu Kabuki: form of kabuki performed mainly by young men

Replaced Onna



Yara Kabuki: modern form of Kabuki, performed mainly by older men,

focus on training and discipline



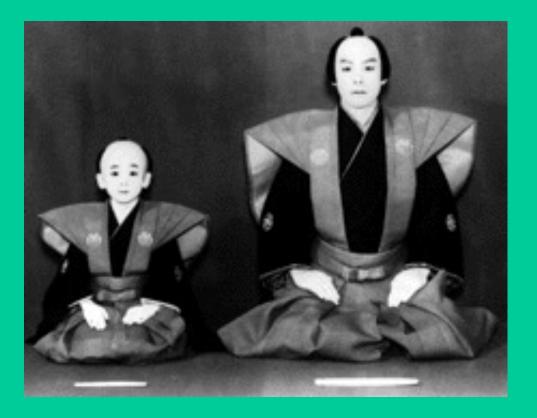
Kabuki Character Types Onnagata: male actors who played female roles



Kabuki Character Types Tachiyaku: Brave Heroes



Kabuki Character Types Katakiyaku: Villains



Kabuki Character Types Koyaku: Children's Roles

Kabuki Performance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6oZu80K ZAM4

Bunraku: Traditional Japanese puppet theatre





Bunraku Theatre: https://unctv.pbslearningmedia.org/resource/ja cult.arts.drama.bunraku/japanese-culturebunraku/#.X4XienhKhfU



Bunraku Performers

Puppeteers:

three people control the puppet

(Ningyotsukai)



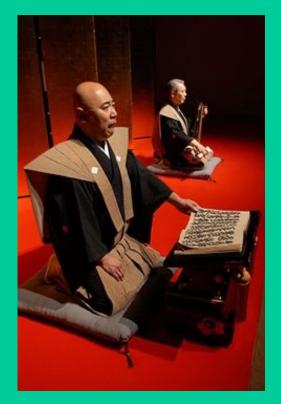
<u>3 Bunraku</u> <u>Puppeteers</u>:

First (Main) puppeteer: controls head and right hand of puppet (*omozukai*) Second (left) Puppeteer: controls left hand of puppet (hidarizukai) **Third Puppeteer**: controls feet and legs of puppet (ashizukai)



Bunraku Performers Chanter: one person voices all puppets





Bunraku Performers

Musician: plays 3 stringed instrument

(Shamisen, similar to guitar)





- Japan's Bunraku Puppet
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1qcBS</u>
 <u>AwQVpw</u>



Sanskrit Drama: Ancient Indian Performances, includes many art forms

Poetry, dance, instrumental and vocal music, spoken poetry and prose

- Crash Course Theatre History Sanskrit Drama (watch through about 5:00)
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b3mj4</u>
 <u>QQH8TM</u>



<u>Natyashastra</u>: Handbook on Dramatic Art detailing early Sanskrit Theatre

'The Art of Theatre'





Mahabharata and Ramayana:

early Indian epic poems

source for Sanskrit Dramas, Kathakali



Kathakali: Indian dance/drama

evolved from classic performance styles around 300 years ago

- Crash Course Theatre History: Kathakali
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=51p-</u>
 <u>HBv-3bA</u>

- <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Tl3UKV</u>
 <u>lz9lM</u>
- <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1uIan6u</u>
 <u>3UrQ</u>